Uses of Rocks and Minerals – <u>Answer Page</u>

<u>Directions:</u> Is this material composed of rocks & minerals? For each material write yes or no.

Material	Hypothesis	Actual	Components
Diamond			
engagement ring			Diamonds,
		YES	gold/platinum/silver
Camera			Film has silver in it,
		YES	flash has
			magnesium alloy
			wires, glass, plastic,
<u>G 1 (</u>			metals
Soda water			
		YES	Water, salts, carbon
			dioxide
Hammer and nail			
		YES	Steel
Eye glasses			Glass, nickel and
		YES	silver reinforced
			frames, plastic
			frames, metal hinges
Toilet bowl		VES	Demosterin et el
		YES	Porcelain, steel, plastic
			plastic
Cosmetics			Talc, iron oxides,
		YES	chrome oxides,
			manganese violet,
			lapis lazuli, kaolin,
			soda ash, and charcoal for colors;
			mica for luster
Light bulbs			
		YES	Glass, aluminum,
			tungsten
Soap			
		YES	Potash, salts

	Asbestos is used in fireproof fabrics, yarn, cloth, paper, paint filler,
Asbestos	gaskets, roofing composition, as a reinforcing agent in rubber and plastics, brake linings, tiles, electrical and heat insulation, cement, and chemical filters.
Bauxite	The main source of aluminum. Aluminum is used in the United States in packaging, transportation, and building.
Stibnite	Antimony metal is extracted from stibnite and other minerals. Antimony is used as a hardening alloy for lead, especially storage batteries and cable sheaths, also used in bearing metal, type metal, solder, collapsible tubes and foil, sheet and pipes, and semiconductor technology. Stibnite is used for metal fireworks. Antimony salts are used in the rubber and textile industries, in medicine, and glassmaking.
Barium	Used as a heavy additive in oil-well-drilling mud, in the paper and rubber industries, as a filler or extender in cloth, ink, and plastics products, in radiography, as alloys in vacuum tubes, deoxidizer for copper, lubricant in X-ray tubes, spark-plug alloys. Also used to make an expensive white pigment.
Beryllium	Beryllium alloys are used mostly in applications in aerospace, automobiles, computers, oil and gas drilling equipment, and telecommunications. Beryllium salts are used in fluorescent lamps, in X-ray tubes, and as a deoxidizer in bronze metallurgy. Beryl is the source of the gemstones emerald and aquamarine.
Coal	One of the world's major sources of energy. More than half of all the electrical energy that is generated and used in the United States comes from coal.
Cobalt	Used in super alloys for jet engines, chemical paint driers, pigments, rechargeable batteries, magnets, and cemented carbides for cutting tools.
Copper	Used in electric cables and wires, switches, plumbing, heating, roofing and building construction, chemical and pharmaceutical machinery, electroplated protective coatings and cooking utensils.
Feldspar	A rock-forming mineral, industrially important in glass and ceramic industries, pottery and enamelware, soaps, abrasives, bond for abrasive wheels, cements and concretes, insulating compositions, fertilizer, poultry grit, tarred roofing materials, and in textiles and paper production.
Fluorite	Used in production of hydrofluoric acid, which is used in the electroplating, stainless steel, refrigerant, and plastics industries, in production of aluminum fluoride, which is used in aluminum smelting, as a flux in ceramics and glass, in steel furnaces, and in emery wheels, optics, and welding rods. Used in drinking water and toothpaste.
Gold	Used in dentistry and medicine, in jewelry and arts, in medallions and coins, in ingots as a store of value, for scientific and electronic instruments, as an electrolyte in the electro-plating industry.

Gypsum	Processed and used as prefabricated wallboard or as industrial or
	building plaster, used in cement manufacture, and agriculture.
Halite (Salt)	Used in human and animal diet, food seasoning and food preservation, used to prepare sodium hydroxide, soda ash, caustic soda, hydrochloric acid, chlorine, metallic sodium, used in ceramic glazes, metallurgy, curing of hides, mineral waters, soap manufacture, home water softeners, highway de-icing, photography, herbicide, fire extinguishing, nuclear reactors, mouthwash, medicine, in scientific equipment for optical parts. Single crystals used for spectroscopy, ultraviolet and infrared transmission.
Lead	Used in lead batteries, gasoline tanks and solders, seals or bearings, used in electrical and electronic applications, TV tubes, TV glass, construction, communications, protective coatings, in ballast or weights, ceramics or crystal glass, tubes or containers, type metal, foil or wire, X- ray and gamma radiation shielding, soundproofing material in the construction industry, and ammunition.
Limestone	Limestone is used in the construction industry and is the main ingredient from which aggregate, cement, lime, and building stone are made. As a source for lime, it is used to make paper, plastics, glass, paint, steel, cement, and carpets. Used in water treatment and purification plants, and in the processing of various foods and household items (including medicines).
Lithium	Lithium compounds are used in ceramics and glass, in primary aluminum production, in the manufacture of lubricants and greases, rocket propellants, vitamin A synthesis, silver solders, underwater buoyancy devices, and batteries.
Mica	Mica is used in electronic insulators, ground in paint, as joint cement, as a dusting agent, in well-drilling muds, and in plastics, roofing, rubber, and welding rods.
Platinum	Platinum is used principally as a catalyst for the control of automobile and industrial plant emissions, and as a catalyst to produce acids, organic chemicals, and pharmaceuticals. Also used in bushings for making glass fibers used in fiber-reinforced plastic and other advanced materials, in electrical contacts, in capacitors, in conductive and resistive films used in electronic circuits, in dental alloys used for making crowns and bridges, and in jewelry.
Potash	Used as a fertilizer, in medicine, in the chemical industry, and to produce decorative color effects on brass, bronze, and nickel. Is an essential mineral for vegetable and animal life.
Quartz	As a crystal, quartz is used as a semiprecious gemstone (agate, jasper, onyx, amethyst, citrine, rose quartz, smoky quartz, etc.) Because of its properties quartz is used for pressure gauges, oscillators, resonators, and wave stabilizers; heat-ray lamps; and in prism and spectrographic lenses. Used in the manufacture of glass, paints, abrasives, refractories, and precision instruments.

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Silver	Used in photography, jewelry, and electronics. Used as currency, in lining vats and other equipment for chemical reaction vessels, water distillation, mirrors, electric conductors, batteries, silver plating, table cutlery, dental, medical, and scientific equipment, electrical contacts, and bearing metal.
Sodium carbonate	Used in glass container manufacture, in fiberglass and specialty glass. Also used in production of flat glass, in powdered detergents, in medicine, as a food additive, photography, cleaning and boiler compounds, and for pH control of water.
Sulfur	Used in the manufacture of sulfuric acid, fertilizers, chemicals, explosives, dyestuffs, petroleum refining, vulcanization of rubber, fungicides.
Tantalum	Used mostly in the production of electronic components. Alloyed with other metals, it is also used in making carbide tools for metalworking equipment, and in the production of super alloys for jet engine components.
Titanium	Titanium is a strong, lightweight metal often used in airplanes, and as a brilliant white pigment used in paint, paper, and plastics.
Tungsten	Used in metalworking, construction and electrical machinery and equipment, in transportation equipment, as filament in light bulbs, as a carbide in drilling equipment, in heat and radiation shielding, textile dyes, enamels, paints, and for coloring glass.
Zeolites	Used in aquaculture (fish hatcheries for removing ammonia from the water), water softener, in catalysts, cat litter, odor control, and for removing radioactive ions from nuclear plant waste.
Zinc	Used as a protective coating on steel, with copper to make brass, and as chemical compounds in rubber and paints, used as a sheet zinc and for galvanizing iron, electroplating, metal spraying, automotive parts, electrical fuses, anodes, dry cell batteries, fungicides, nutrition (essential growth element), chemicals, roof gutter, engravers' plates, cable wrappings, organ pipes, in pennies, primers, paints, to protect ship hulls, in lubricating oils and greases. Zinc oxide is used in medicine, paints, as an electrostatic and photoconductive agent in photocopying.
Clay	Used to coat the pages of newspaper, magazines, stationery, brochures, and boxes so that the ink used in printing on them will be bright and will not run. Also used as a brightener and abrasive in toothpaste, and in medicines to provide a smooth coating for the stomach.
Chromite	Used in making steel, "chromed" parts for automobiles and appliances and in the manufacture of chromic acid which is used to tan much of the leather used in making shoes, belts, purses, jackets, gloves, etc.

Hematite	Hematite is processed to produce iron, which is used to make steel. Steel, in turn, is used in everything from automobiles to flatware to the machinery used in most manufacturing. Steel is used in the manufacture of such things as kitchen appliances, furniture, tools, bridges, buildings, construction equipment, highway construction, shipbuilding, and trains and railroads. Powdered iron is used in magnets, high-frequency cores, auto parts, and as a catalyst. Radioactive iron is used in medicine and as a tracer element in biochemical and metallurgical research. Iron blue is used in paints, printing inks, plastics, cosmetics, and paper dyeing.
	Black iron oxide is used as a pigment and in polishing compounds, medicines, and magnetic inks.
Gilsonite	Gilsonite is used in the manufacture of wire insulation, paints and varnishes, construction materials, asphalt, printing ink, oil well drilling, and in foundry casting.
Kaolinite	Kaolinite is a very fine white clay used as a filler in many products, for coating pages in magazines and newspapers to prevent ink from running, and as a whitener and abrasive in toothpaste.
Magnetite	Magnetite is processed to produce iron which is used in making steel. Steel is used to make nails, kitchen appliances, furniture, tools, bridges, buildings, automobiles, construction equipment, manufacturing machinery, and in highway construction, shipbuilding, trains, and railroads. Powdered iron is used in magnets, high-frequency cores, auto parts, and as a catalyst. Radioactive iron is used in medicine and as a tracer element in biochemical and metallurgical research. Iron blue is used in paints, printing inks, plastics, cosmetics, and paper dyeing. Black iron oxide is used as a pigment and in polishing compounds, medicines, and magnetic inks.

Textile machine operator	You are responsible for running machines that make textile products from fibers. Products made from fibers include towels, socks, tires, roofing materials, and just about all clothing. You learned this skill in a vocational training program after high school.
Tile installer	You are responsible for applying hard tile (such as ceramic and marble) to floors, walls, ceilings, and roof decks. You learned this skill on the job during summers while going to high school, working as a helper to a more experienced tilesetter.
Insulation worker	You are responsible for properly insulating buildings to reduce energy tanks, vessels, boilers, and pipes. You learned this skill just after high school with on-the-job training.
Packer	You are responsible for manually packaging a variety of materials. You also inspect items for defects, label cartons, stamp information on products, keep records of items packed, and stack your packages on a loading dock. You learned this skill at the age of 18 with on-the-job training.
Metallurgical engineer	You are responsible for removing metals from ores and making them suitable for industrial processes by refining and alloying. You learned this skill in a four-year program at college.
Metalworking machine operator	You are responsible for producing products made of metal. Metalworking industries produce most of the consumer products on which we rely daily. You learned this skill on the job after high school.
Transportation inspector	You are responsible for inspecting equipment in connection with the safe transportation of cargo or people. You have inspected trucks, airplanes, and automobiles. You learned this skill working in a related occupation after high school.
Logistics manager	You are responsible for planning, directing, and coordinating transportation, storage, and distribution of goods for a paper manufacturer. You must follow governmental policies and regulation. You learned this skill working in a related occupation after high school.
Solderer	You are responsible for using molten metal to join two pieces of metal together (similar to welding). You commonly join electrical, electronic, and other small metal parts together. You learned this skill during high school in a vocation-training program.
Painter	You are responsible for communicating ideas, thoughts, or feelings through art. You use shading, perspective, and color to produce realistic scenes or abstractions. You learned this skill while earning a masters degree in fine art at a college.
Electrician	You are responsible for installing, connecting, testing, and maintaining electrical systems. You learned this skill by completing an apprenticeship program lasting 3-5 years.

Driller	You are responsible for operating rotary, churn, and pneumatic drills to tap subsurface water and salt deposits. You have also drilled to remove core samples during mineral exploration or soil testing. On occasion you have had to drill in order to use explosives for mining or construction. You learned this skill after a moderate amount of on-the-job training after high school.
Printing machine operator	You are responsible for preparing, operating, and maintaining the printing presses in a pressroom. You ink the presses, load the paper, adjust the pressure and flow of ink, feed the paper through the press cylinder, and adjust the feed and tension cords. You learned this skill through a formal apprenticeship after high school.
Mine cutter	You are responsible for operating machinery to allow access to coal deposits, stone quarries, or other mining areas. You also facilitate blasting, separating, or removing minerals or materials from mines. You learned this skill after a moderate amount of on- the-job training after high school.
Dental hygienist	You are responsible for helping patients develop and maintain good oral health. You clean teeth, examine patients for oral diseases, and teach your patients about good oral health. You learned this skill in college and had to be licensed by the state.
	You are responsible for searching for and using new knowledge
Chemist	about chemicals. This knowledge leads to the discovery and development of new fibers, paints, adhesives, drugs, cosmetics, electronics, lubricants, and thousands of other products. You leaned this skill in a masters program at college.
Dietician	You are responsible for managing food service systems for institutions, promoting sound eating habits through education, and conducting research. You learned this skill in a four-year program at college, and then received a license from the state.
Concrete finisher	You are responsible for placing and finishing the concrete used in building. Concrete is a mixture of cement, sand, gravel, and water. You can create walls, sidewalks, beams, columns, and panels. You learned this skill with on-the-job training after high school.
Jeweler	You are responsible for designing and manufacturing new pieces of jewelry. You cut, set, and polish gemstones, and repair or adjust jewelry. You learned this skill at a technical school after high school.
Desktop publisher	You are responsible for using computer software to format and combine text, numerical data, photographs, charts, and other visual graphic elements to produce publication-ready materials as brochures, advertisements, and newsletters. You learned this skill by completing a certificate program after high school.
Glazier	You are responsible for selecting, cutting, installing, replacing, and removing all types of glass. You learned this skill after high school with on-the-job training.

Agricultural scientist	You are responsible for studying farm crops and animals, and developing ways to improve the quantity and quality of food. To do this you must control labor costs, pests, and weeds. You also work to conserve soil and water. You earned a doctoral degree in order to do research in this area.
Plasterer	You are responsible for applying and repairing plaster to interior walls and ceilings. You specialize in plastering over concrete. To do this you apply a gypsum plaster layer onto a supportive steel wire mesh. You follow this with a finished lime plaster layer. You learned this skill through a 2-3 year apprenticeship.
Agricultural manager	You are responsible for managing the day-to-day activities of one or more farms, ranches, nurseries, timber tracts, greenhouses, and other agricultural businesses. Some of your duties include marketing, supervision of animals and workers, determine crop transportation and storage requirements. You learned this skill by earning a four-year degree in business at college.
Water resource engineer	You are responsible for designing and supervising the construction of dams, bridges, water supply systems, and sewage systems. You learned this skill in a four-year degree program and became an expert in this area after earning a doctorate degree.
Fish hatchery manager	You are responsible for raising fish and shellfish in marine, brackish, or fresh water. You can do this in ponds, floating nets pens, raceways, or re-circulating systems. You learned this skill in a four-year program at college.
Home appliance repairer	You are responsible for keeping home appliances working and helping prevent unwanted breakdowns. You can work on refrigerators, dishwashers, water softeners, washers, and dryers. You learned this skill at a trade school after you finished high school.
Automotive repairer	You are responsible for straightening bent auto bodies, removing dents, and replacing parts that cannot be fixed. You can repair all different kinds of cars, trucks, and buses. You learned this skill in formal training programs given by vehicle manufactures as well as on-the-job training.
A & P mechanic	You are responsible for keeping aircraft in peak operating condition by performing scheduled maintenance, making repairs, and completing inspections required by the FAA. You learned this skill with 30 months or more of on-the-job training in both engines and airframes to earn a certificate from the FAA.
Accounting clerk	You are responsible for organizing an organization's financial record-keepers. You update and maintain the accounting records for your organization. You often use computers to store information. You learned this skill in college.

Photographic process worker	You are responsible for retouching photographic negatives and prints to emphasize or correct specific features. You learned this skill with on-the-job training.
Animal breeder	You are responsible for breeding animals according to their genealogy, characteristics, and offspring. You need to keep your animals healthy and clean. You use your computer to keep excellent records. You learned this skill from on-the-job training.
Aquatic biologist	You are responsible for the study of micro-organisms, plants, and animals living in water. You learned this skill by earning a PhD.
Construction laborer	You are responsible for performing many physically demanding tasks including cleaning and preparing construction sites, digging trenches, mixing concrete, and setting braces. You also do a lot of loading and unloading of materials. You learned this skill on the job during high school.

Teacher reference page – Minerals listed by career NOTE: Additional correlations apply. Four are listed here as a reference.

Career	Rock / Mineral
Textile machine operator	Asbestos
	Feldspar
	Tungsten
	Stibnite
Tile installer	Asbestos
	Halite
	Feldspar
	Lithium
Insulation worker	Asbestos
	Copper
	Stibnite
	Feldspar
Packer	Clay
	Barium
	Tungsten
	Kaolinite
Metallurgical engineer	Bauxite
	Stibnite
	Lead
	Lithium
Metalworking machine operator	Bauxite
	Copper
	Zinc
	Magnetite
Transportation inspector	Bauxite
	Magnetite
	Lead
	Platinum
Logistics manager	Bauxite
	Asbestos
	Limestone
	Clay
Solderer	Stibnite
	Copper
	Gold
	Lead
Painter	Barium
	Hematite
	Magnetite
	Limestone
Driller	Barium
	Coal
	Gold
	Silver

Career	Rock / Mineral
Printing machine operator	Barium
C 1	Cobalt
	Feldspar
	Clay
Mine cutter	Coal
	Gold
	Silver
	Cobalt
Electrician	Coal
	Copper
	Lead
	Silver
Dental hygienist	Kaolinite
	Clay
	Halite
	Platinum
Chemist	Fluorite
	Halite
	Lithium
	Tungsten
Dietitian	Halite
	Limestone
	Lithium
	Zinc
Concrete finisher	Limestone
	Tungsten
	Zinc
	Magnetite
Jeweler	Silver
	Copper
	Beryllium
	Gold
Desktop publisher	Clay
	Kaolinite
	Beryllium
	Barium
Plasterer	Gypsum
	Limestone
	Tungsten
	Chromite
Agricultural Scientist	Potash
	Gypsum
	Halite
	Limestone

Career	Rock / Mineral
Glazier	Quartz
	Sodium carbonate
	Lead
	Lithium
Water resource engineer	Zeolites
	Hematite
	Silver
	Sodium carbonate
Fish hatchery manager	Zeolites
	Sodium carbonate
	Halite
	Limestone
Home appliance repairer	Zeolites
	Chromite
	Tungsten
	Halite
Automotive mechanic	Chromite
	Magnetite
	Platinum
	Lead
Accounting clerk	Clay
	Beryllium
	Silver
	Lead
Photographic process worker	Halite
	Silver
	Sodium carbonate
	Gilsonite
Animal breeder	Potash
	Halite
	Beryllium
	Sodium carbonate
Aquatic biologist	Potash
	Halite
	Lithium
	Limestone
Construction laborer	Limestone
	Tungsten
	Magnetite
	Hematite
A & P mechanic	Lead
	Lithium
	Cobalt
	Titanium

Teacher reference page – Careers listed by mineral NOTE: Additional correlations apply. Four are listed here as a reference.

Rock / Mineral	Career
Asbestos	Textile machine operator
	Tile installer
	Logistics manager
	Insulation worker
Barium	Packer
	Painter
	Driller
	Printing machine operator
Bauxite	Metallurgical Engineer
	Metalworking machine operator
	Transportation inspector
	Logistics manager
Beryllium	Jeweler
	Desktop publisher
	Transportation inspector
	Animal breeder
Chromite	Transportation inspector
	Plasterer
	Home appliance repairer
	Automotive repairer
Clay	Packer
	Logistics manager
	Printing machine operator
	Desktop publisher
Coal	Insulation worker
	Driller
	Mine cutter
	Electrician
Cobalt	Tile installers
	Transportation inspector
	Printing machine operator
	Mine cutter
Copper	Insulation worker
	Metalworking machine operator
	Solderer
	Electrician
Feldspar	Textile machine operator
	Tile installer
	Insulation worker
	Printing machine operator
Fluorite	Solderer
	Chemist
	Tile installer
	Dental hygienist

Rock / Mineral	Career
Gold	Solderer
	Driller
	Mine cutter
	Jeweler
Gypsum	Concrete finisher
	Plasterer
	Agricultural scientist
	Agricultural manager
Halite	Tile installer
	Dental hygienist
	Chemist
	Dietician
Lead	Metallurgical engineer
	Transportation inspector
	Solderer
	Electrician
Limestone	Logistics manager
	Painter
	Dietician
	Concrete finisher
Lithium	Metallurgical engineer
	Chemist
	Tile installer
	Dietician
Mica	Insulation worker
	Painter
	Concrete finisher
	Driller
Platinum	Textile machine operator
	Transportation inspector
	Solderer
	Dental hygienist
Potash	Dietician
	Chemist
	Agricultural scientist
	Agricultural manager
Quartz	Jeweler
	Painter
	Glazier
0.1	Chemist
Silver	Driller
	Mine cutter
	Electrician
	Jeweler

Rock/ Mineral	Career
Sodium carbonate	Textile machine operator
	Dietician
	Glazier
	Agricultural scientist
Stibnite	Textile machine operator
	Insulation worker
	Metallurgical engineer
	Solderer
Sulfur	Chemist
	Driller
	Agricultural scientist
	Agricultural manager
Tantalum	Electrician
	Metalworking machine operator
	Transportation inspector
	Metallurgical engineer
Titanium	Metalworking machine operator
	Transportation inspector
	Desktop publisher
	Printing machine operator
Tungsten	Textile machine operator
	Packer
	Chemist
	Concrete finisher
Zeolites	Chemist
	Water resource engineer
	Fish hatchery manager
	Home appliance repairer
Zinc	Metalworking machine operator
	Dental hygienist
	Dietician
	Concrete finisher