

## Fossil, Fossilized Teeth of the Megalodon Shark <sup>[1]</sup>

### State Fossil of North Carolina: Fossilized Teeth of the Megalodon Shark

by T. Mike Childs, 2013; Kelly Agan, 2015; Amy Kemp 2017.  
NC Government and Heritage Library

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The jaws and teeth of a megalodon shark at the North Carolina Museum of Natural Sciences.

Image from Flickr user Ryan Somma.

<sup>[3]</sup>Session Law 2013-189, signed by governor Pat McCrory on June 26, 2013, gave North Carolina the following state symbols: state fossil, [state frog](#) <sup>[4]</sup>, [state salamander](#) <sup>[5]</sup>, [state marsupial](#) <sup>[6]</sup>, [state folk art](#) <sup>[7]</sup>, and [state art medium](#) <sup>[8]</sup>.

### Selection as State Fossil

The bill was sponsored by Marilyn Avila (R-Wake), Susan Martin (R-Pitt, Wilson), Pat McElraft (R-Carteret, Jones), and Roger West (R-Cherokee, Clay, Graham, Macon). The idea for an official state fossil originated with an eighth grade science project at the [Newport Middle School](#) <sup>[9]</sup> in Newport, N.C. Science teacher Donna Jones came up with the idea of having a competition in which students created displays for different fossils to select one to try and make the official state fossil. Students suggested sand dollars, starfish, coral, mosasaurs and sea urchins. The students voted on January 11, 2013 and selected the megalodon shark. Social studies teacher Gary Abell then contacted Rep. Pat McElraft, who adopted the idea and added it to House Bill 830, which proposed several new state symbols.

### About the Megalodon

The extinct megalodon shark (*Carcharodon megalodon*) first appeared during the [Neogene period](#) <sup>[10]</sup> of the Cenozoic Era, about 16 million years ago. Its name translates as ‘megatooth’ and was named because of its infamous large teeth. The Megalodon was bigger than a school bus, growing up to 50 feet long and weighing 30 times more than a great white shark. Scientists believe the megalodon had the most powerful bite of any creature that ever lived. Their jaws could exert enough pressure to crush a small car.

The Megalodon typically ate prehistoric turtles and whales. When hunting, they would first bite off their prey’s tail and flippers so it could not swim away, then they would eat the animal.

Most of what we know about the Megalodon comes from studying its teeth. A shark’s skeleton is mostly made of cartilage which breaks down after the shark’s death and doesn’t fossilize. The teeth, however, are made of a bone-like substance, and can be found fossilized on North Carolina beaches and off the coast. Megalodon teeth can be as large as 6-7 inches long. Elements of the teeth suggest that they were arranged in a broad mouth, from which we can guess that the Megalodon also had a short snout.

The Megalodon went extinct about 2 million years ago, during the Miocene era. It is likely that it went extinct because it was unable to adapt to changing ocean conditions.

### North Carolina Session Law

Excerpt from Session Law 2013-189, House Bill 830:

Whereas, the megalodon shark is an extinct shark species that lived over 1.5 million years ago; and

Whereas, the megalodon shark may have reached over 40 feet in length and weighed up to 100 tons; and  
Whereas, the megalodon shark had serrated, heart-shaped teeth that may have grown to over seven inches in length;  
and  
Whereas, fossilized teeth of the megalodon shark have been found in North Carolina and throughout the world...

#### § 145-41. State fossil.

The fossilized teeth of the megalodon shark is adopted as the official fossil of the State of North Carolina.

#### **Audio:**



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#### **Additional Resources:**

Burke, Cheryl. "Newport students' project leads to naming of state fossil." *Carteret County News-Times*. June 29, 2013. [https://www.carolinacoastonline.com/news\\_times/news/article\\_4aaf2874-e0f9-11e2-94be-0019bb2963f4.html](https://www.carolinacoastonline.com/news_times/news/article_4aaf2874-e0f9-11e2-94be-0019bb2963f4.html) [11] (accessed July 8, 2013).

Leslie, Laura. "Six new state symbols pass House." *WRAL.com*. May 6, 2013. <https://www.wral.com/six-new-state-symbols-pass-house/12417604/> [12] (accessed July 8, 2013).

DeSantis, Larisa R. G. *Educators' Guide for Megalodon Largest Shark That Ever Lived* Gainesville, Fla.: Florida Museum of Natural History. 2007. [https://www.mdwfp.com/media\\_legacy/media/134989/megalodon\\_facts.pdf](https://www.mdwfp.com/media_legacy/media/134989/megalodon_facts.pdf) [13] (accessed July 8, 2013).

"Megalodon - Episode 1." *Prehistoric Predators*. National Geographic Channel. <https://www.natgeotv.com/asia/prehistoric-predators> [14] (accessed August 4, 2023).

Associated Press. "Museum snares huge shark teeth found by amateur fossil hunter." *Herald-Sun* (Spartanburg, S. C.), July 4, 1996. <https://news.google.com/newspapers?nid=1876&dat=19960704&id=T-weAAAAIBAJ...> [15] (accessed May 26, 2016).

Than, Ker. "The Real Megalodon: Prehistoric Shark Behind Doc Uproar." *National Geographic*. August 7, 2013. Accessed July 06, 2017. <https://www.nationalgeographic.com/animals/article/130807-discovery-megalodon-shark-week-great-white-sharks-animals> [16].

#### **Image Credits:**

Somma, Ryan. "Ancestral Great White Shark Teeth." Photograph. January 1, 1980 [sic]. *Flickr*. <https://www.flickr.com/photos/14405058@N08/2289004690/> [3] (accessed July 8, 2013).

*Megalodon: Largest Shark That Ever Lived* 0:15. YouTube video, posted by ncnaturalsciences, March 1, 2010. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5cQj-JtnDZI> [17] (accessed July 8, 2013).

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