

Wake County ^[1]

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Wake County



WAKE COUNTY GOVERNMENT:

www.wakegov.com ^[3]

COUNTY SEAT: Raleigh

FORMED: 1771

FORMED FROM: Johnston, Cumberland, Orange

LAND AREA: 835.22 square miles

2018 POPULATION ESTIMATE: 1,092,305

White: 68.1%

Black/African American: 21.0%

American Indian: 0.8%

Asian: 7.5%

Pacific Islander: 0.1%

Two or more races: 2.5%

Hispanic/Latino: 10.3% (of any race)

From *State & County QuickFacts*, US Census Bureau, 2018. ^[4]

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: 2ND, 4TH

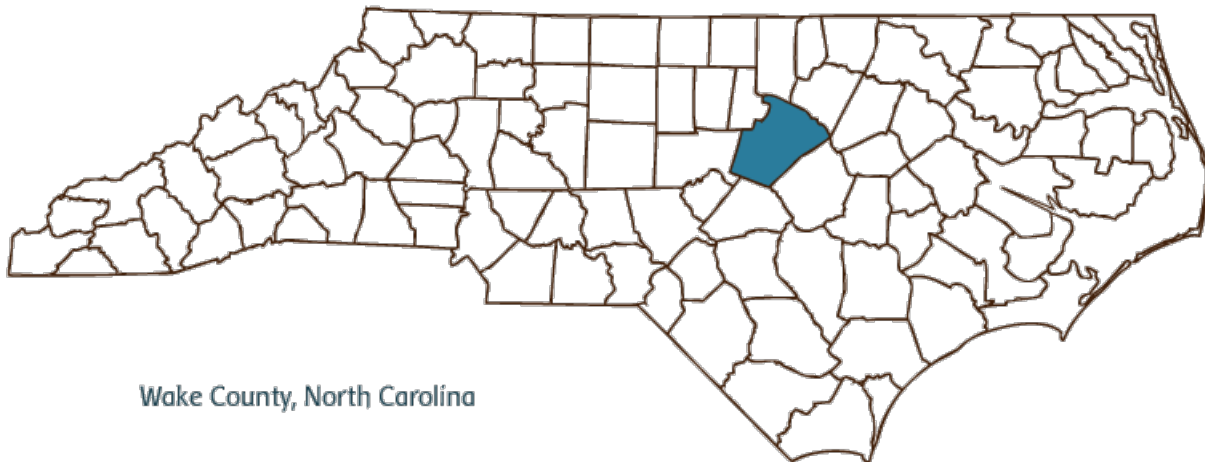
BIOGRAPHIES FOR  ^[5]
[Wake County](#) ^[5]

GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

REGION: Piedmont

RIVER BASIN: Neuse, Cape Fear, Map

NEIGHBORING COUNTIES: Chatham, Durham, Franklin, Granville, Harnett, Johnston



See also: North Carolina Counties (to access links to NCpedia articles for all 100 counties)

by William S. Powell, 2006

See also: Joel Lane House; Meredith College; North Carolina Museum of Art; North Carolina Museum of History; North Carolina State University; Raleigh; Research Triangle Park; Saint Augustine's College; State Capitol.

Wake County, located in the Piedmont region of North Carolina, was formed in 1771 from Johnston, Cumberland, and Orange Counties and named for Margaret Wake Tryon, the wife of royal governor William Tryon. Early inhabitants of the area included the Sissipahaw and Occaneechi Indians; English and Scotch-Irish settlers later populated the region. Raleigh was established as the county seat in 1771 under the name Wake County Courthouse; the name was changed to Raleigh, in honor of Sir Walter Raleigh, when the city became the capital of North Carolina in 1792. Other Wake County cities and towns, all within what is fast becoming a solid ring of urban and suburban development surrounding Raleigh, include Cary, Garner, Fuquay-Varina, Holly Springs, Apex, Morrisville, Wake Forest, Zebulon, Wendell, and Knightdale. Notable bodies of water within the county include the Neuse River, Wake Forest Reservoir, Falls, Wheeler, Crabtree, and Bass Lakes, and Swift, Sycamore, and Hominy Creeks.

Wake County is one of North Carolina's most urbanized counties, with an estimated population of nearly 724,000 in 2004. It is dominated by the state government and its ancillary institutions, multiple large businesses and corporations located in Research Triangle Park (which straddles the line between Wake and Durham Counties) and other locales around Raleigh, and its outstanding colleges and universities—North Carolina State University (1887), Peace College (1857), Shaw University (1865), Saint Augustine's College (1867), and Meredith College (1891). Important cultural and historical landmarks and institutions abound in Raleigh and vicinity and include the State Capitol (1833-40); the Governor's Mansion (1891); the State Legislative Building (1961); the Joel Lane House (1760s), the oldest house in Raleigh; Mordecai Historic Park (1785); and the North Carolina State Fairgrounds. Important institutions and attractions include the North Carolina Museum of History, the North Carolina Museum of Art, the North Carolina Museum of Natural Sciences, Raleigh Ensemble Players, Exploris, Raleigh Little Theatre and Rose Garden, the North Carolina Symphony Orchestra, North Carolina State University Crafts Center Gallery, the North Carolina Literary and Historical

Association ^[51], the North Carolina State Archives ^[52], and the Wendell Post Office Museum. William B. Umstead State Park ^[53] is one of Wake County's many recreational areas. The county hosts popular festivals and annual events such as the North Carolina State Fair ^[54], Saint Patrick's Day Parade, the state Special Olympics Summer Games, the International Festival, Executive Mansion Christmas, the Today and Yesteryear Festival, and Rolesville Fireman's Day.

Wake County farmers continue to produce agricultural goods such as nursery and landscape plants, vegetables, and tobacco ^[55]. Manufactured products include high-tech items such as digital electronics, telecommunications equipment, measuring devices, and pharmaceuticals. Also produced are electric switch gears, flooring, and refrigeration equipment. Minerals such as soapstone, corundum, beryl, graphite, kyanite, pyrite, and magnesite are mined in the county.

Annotated history of Wake County's formation:

For an annotated history of the county's formation, with the laws affecting the county, boundary lines and changes, and other origin information, visit these references in *The Formation of the North Carolina Counties* (Corbitt, 2000), available online at North Carolina Digital Collections (note, there may be additional items of interest for the county not listed here):

County formation history: <http://digital.ncdcr.gov/cdm/ref/collection/p16062coll9/id/289986> ^[56]

Index entry for the county: <http://digital.ncdcr.gov/cdm/ref/collection/p16062coll9/id/290097> ^[57]

Update from N.C. Government & Heritage Library staff:

Peace College became William Peace University in 2011.

The North Carolina State Archives officially changed their name to the State Archives of North Carolina in 2012.

References:

Elizabeth Reid Murray, *Wake: Capital County of North Carolina* (1983).

Additional resources:

Corbitt, David Leroy. 2000. *The formation of the North Carolina counties, 1663-1943*. <https://digital.ncdcr.gov/digital/collection/p16062coll9/id/290103> ^[58] (accessed June 20, 2017).

Wake County Government: <http://www.wakegov.com/> ^[59]

Greater Raleigh Chamber of Commerce: <https://www.raleighchamber.org/> ^[60]

DigitalNC, Wake County: <http://www.digitalnc.org/counties/wake-county/> ^[61]

North Carolina Digital Collections (explore by place, time period, format): <https://digital.ncdcr.gov/> ^[62]

Image credits:

Rudersdorf, Amy. 2010. "NC County Maps." Government & Heritage Library, State Library of North Carolina.

Subjects:

Counties ^[63]

UNC Press ^[64]

From:

Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press. ^[65]

Authors:

Powell, William S. ^[66]

Origin - location:

Wake County ^[67]

1 January 2006 | Powell, William S.

Source URL: <https://ncpedia.org/geography/wake>

Links

- [1] <https://ncpedia.org/geography/wake>
- [2] <http://www.wakegov.com>
- [3] <http://www.wakegov.com/Pages/default.aspx>
- [4] <https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/wakecountynorthcarolina,NC/PST045218>
- [5] <https://ncpedia.org/geography/wake-county/biography>
- [6] <https://ncpedia.org/wildlife/piedmont>
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- [49] <https://raleighnc.gov/places/mordecai-historic-park>
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- [51] <https://ncpedia.org/literary-and-historical-association>
- [52] <https://archives.ncdcr.gov/>
- [53] <https://www.ncparks.gov/william-b-umstead-state-park/home>
- [54] <https://ncpedia.org/government/fair>
- [55] <https://ncpedia.org/tobacco>
- [56] <http://digital.ncdcr.gov/cdm/ref/collection/p16062coll9/id/289986>
- [57] <http://digital.ncdcr.gov/cdm/ref/collection/p16062coll9/id/290097>
- [58] <https://digital.ncdcr.gov/digital/collection/p16062coll9/id/290103>
- [59] <http://www.wakegov.com/>

- [60] <https://www.raleighchamber.org/>
- [61] <http://www.digitalnc.org/counties/wake-county/>
- [62] <https://digital.ncdcr.gov/>
- [63] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/counties>
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