# Halifax County [1]

☆☆☆☆ Average: 3.6 (61 votes) Halifax County



## **HALIFAX COUNTY GOVERNMENT:**

https://www.halifaxnc.com/ [2]

**COUNTY SEAT: Halifax** 

**FORMED:** 1758

FORMED FROM: Edgecombe

LAND AREA: 724.09 square miles

**2020 POPULATION ESTIMATE**: 48,622

White: 39.9%

Black/African American: 53.8%

American Indian: 4.1%

Asian: 0.9%

Pacific Islander: 0.1% Two or more races: 1.3%

Hispanic/Latino: 3.1% (of any race)

From State & County QuickFacts, US Census Bureau, 2020. 3

**CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: 1ST** 



Halifax County [4]



#### **GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION**

REGION: Coastal Plain [6]

RIVER BASIN: Roanoke [7], Tar-Pamlico [8], Map [9]

NEIGHBORING COUNTIES: Bertie [10], Edgecombe [11], Martin [12], Nash [13], Northampton [14], Warren [15]

1



See also: North Carolina Counties [16] (to access links to NCpedia articles for all 100 counties); Halifax [17]; Resolves, Prerevolutionary [18].

by Robert Blair Vocci, 2006

Halifax County, located in North Carolina's <u>Coastal Plain</u> [6] region (on the fall line between the coastal plain and the piedmont), was formed from <u>Edgecombe County</u> [11] in 1758. Its name is derived from George Montague, second earl of Halifax and president of the British <u>Board of Trade</u> [19] and Plantations. The county seat, also named <u>Halifax</u> [17], had been established in 1757; other Halifax County communities include <u>Roanoke Rapids</u> [20], <u>Weldon</u> [21], <u>Littleton</u> [22], <u>Enfield</u> [23], <u>Scotland Neck</u> [24] and <u>Hobgood</u> [25].

Originally home to <u>Tuscarora Indians</u> [26], the area was settled in the early eighteenth century by English colonists migrating south from Virginia. Slave-driven plantations soon emerged to take advantage of the fertile soil. The town of Halifax developed along the banks of the <u>Roanoke River</u> [27] and established itself as the trading hub for goods passing from settlement to settlement. However, the prosperity Halifax County enjoyed came to an end with the rise of the railroads, which diminished the importance of rivers for freight transportation, and the abolition of slavery, which brought the age of the wealthy plantation owner to an end. Remnants of an antebellum canal and aqueduct can be seen at Roanoke Rapids.

On 12 Apr. 1776, the North Carolina Provincial Congress [28] met in Halifax and unanimously passed a resolution later known as the Halifax Resolves [29]. The first resolution of its kind, the document instructed North Carolina's delegates to the Second Continental Congress in Philadelphia to vote for independence from Great Britain. The date of the Halifax Resolves is commemorated on the state's flag, and 12 April is celebrated each year as Halifax Day in the county, with individuals in period costumes demonstrating colonial-era activities and craftsmanship. The Historic Halifax State Historic Site [30] interprets these events.

Halifax County natural attractions include Medoc Mountain State Park [31], Lake Gaston, and Roanoke Rapids Lake. The Lakeland Arts Center, the Canal Arts Center, and the Roanoke Valley Players theater group are a few of the county's cultural institutions. Agricultural and manufacturing products include tobacco [32], peanuts, cotton, corn, textiles, paper, and apparel. In 2004 the estimated population of Halifax County was 56,400.

# **Annotated history of Halifax County's formation:**

For an annotated history of the county's formation, with the laws affecting the county, boundary lines and changes, and other origin information, visit these references in *The Formation of the North Carolina Counties* (Corbitt, 2000), available online at North Carolina Digital Collections (note, there may be additional items of interest for the county not listed here):

County formation history: <a href="https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-ca...">https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-ca...</a> [33]

Index entry for the county: https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-ca... [34]

#### References:

W. C. Allen, History of Halifax County (1993).

#### Additional resources:

Corbitt, David Leroy. 2000. *The formation of the North Carolina counties, 1663-1943*. <a href="https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-carolina-counties-1663-1943/3692099?item=4553233">https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-carolina-counties-1663-1943/3692099?item=4553233</a> [35] (accessed June 20, 2017).

Halifax County Government: https://www.halifaxnc.com/ [2]

Roanoke Valley Chamber of Commerce: https://www.rvchamber.com/ [36]

DigitalNC, Halifax County: https://www.digitalnc.org/counties/halifax-county/ [37]

North Carolina Digital Collections (explore by place, time period, format):https://digital.ncdcr.gov [38]

#### Image credits:

Rudersdorf, Amy. 2010. "NC County Maps." Government & Heritage Library, State Library of North Carolina.

### Subjects:

Counties [39]

From:

Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press.[40]

Authors:

Vocci, Robert Blair [41]

Origin - location:

Halifax County [42]

1 January 2006 | Vocci, Robert Blair

#### Source URL: https://ncpedia.org/geography/halifax

#### Links

[1] https://ncpedia.org/geography/halifax [2] https://www.halifaxnc.com/ [3]

https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/halifaxcountynorthcarolina/POP010220 [4] https://ncpedia.org/geography/halifax-county/biography [5] https://ncpedia.org/wildlife/coastal-plain [6] https://ncpedia.org/geography/region/coastal-plain [7] https://files.nc.gov/degee/documents/files/roanokeriver-basin.pdf [8] https://files.nc.gov/deqee/documents/files/tar-pamlico.pdf [9] https://ncdenr.maps.arcgis.com/apps/PublicInformation/index.html? appid=f82f583438e74bf29adcc76247381eee [10] https://ncpedia.org/geography/bertie [11] https://ncpedia.org/geography/edgecombe [12] https://ncpedia.org/geography/martin [13] https://ncpedia.org/geography/nash [14] https://ncpedia.org/geography/northampton [15] https://ncpedia.org/geography/warren [16] https://www.ncpedia.org/geography/counties [17] https://ncpedia.org/halifax [18] https://ncpedia.org/resolves-prerevolutionary [19] https://ncpedia.org/board-trade [20] https://roanokerapidsnc.com/ [21] https://historicweldonnc.com/ [22] http://www.townoflittleton-nc.us/ [23] https://www.enfieldnc.org/ [24] https://townofscotlandneck.com/ [25] https://www.thetownofhobgood.com/ [26] https://ncpedia.org/american-indians/tuscarora [27] https://ncpedia.org/rivers/roanoke [28] https://ncpedia.org/provincial-congresses [29] https://ncpedia.org/history/usrevolution/halifax-resolves [30] https://historicsites.nc.gov/all-sites/historic-halifax [31] https://www.ncparks.gov/stateparks/medoc-mountain-state-park [32] https://ncpedia.org/tobacco [33] https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-carolinacounties-1663-1943/3692099?item=4553378 [34] https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-carolina-counties-1663-1943/3692099?item=4553592 [35] https://digital.ncdcr.gov/Documents/Detail/the-formation-of-the-north-carolina-counties-1663-1943/3692099? item=4553233 [36] https://www.rvchamber.com/ [37] https://www.digitalnc.org/counties/halifax-county/ [38] https://digital.ncdcr.gov [39] https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/counties [40] https://ncpedia.org/category/entry-source/encyclopedia- [41] https://ncpedia.org/category/authors/vocci-robert-blair [42] https://ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-30