Craven County

CRAVEN COUNTY GOVERNMENT:
https://www.cravencountync.gov/

COUNTY SEAT: New Bern

FORMED: 1705
FORMED FROM: Bath

LAND AREA: 708.96 square miles

2018 POPULATION ESTIMATE: 102,912
White: 71.5%
Black/African American: 21.6%
American Indian: 0.7%
Asian: 3.2%
Pacific Islander: 0.2%
Two or more races: 2.9%
Hispanic/Latino: 7.2% (of any race)


CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT: 3RD

BIOGRAPHIES FOR
Craven County
Craven County, located in the Coastal Plain region of eastern North Carolina, lies within one of early North Carolina's most important regions. Formed in 1705, it was originally called Archdale Precinct of Bath County; in 1712 the name was changed to Craven County in honor of the earl of Craven, one of the Lords Proprietors. New Bern, the county seat, was settled in 1710 and incorporated in 1723. The town was founded by Baron Christoph von Graffenried and named for the city of Bern, Switzerland. New Bern served as the primary seat of colonial government in the 1740s and later as the state capital of North Carolina until the establishment of Raleigh in 1792. Other Craven County communities include Bridgeton, Cove City, Trent Woods, Vanceboro, Havelock, and Dover. Notable physical features include the Neuse River, Catfish Lake, Palmetto Swamp, Hog Island, and Johnson Point.

Eighteenth-century Craven County was home to North Carolina's first newspaper, the *North-Carolina Gazette* (New Bern, 1751), as well as its first chartered school, New Bern Academy (1764). New Bern continues to be the economic center of the county, with a thriving commercial environment and an important historic district, centered around the restored 1770 colonial capital. The Tryon Palace Historic Sites and Gardens is one of the state's most popular historic attractions. Among the county's other important landmarks and historic sites are the Harvey Mansion (ca. 1830), and St. John's Masonic Lodge and Theater (1801). The former pharmacy where Caleb Bradham invented Pepsi-Cola in the 1890s is a point of interest in New Bern. Cultural institutions in Craven County include the Fireman's Museum, New Bern Civic Theater, Atlantic Dance Theater, Union Point Park, and Craven Concerts. The county hosts annual events such as the Chrysanthemum Festival, North Carolina Festival, Bridgeton Blueberry Festival, and Festival of Colonial Life.

Craven County’s agricultural products include horticultural crops, soybeans, tobacco, corn, cotton, peanuts, swine, beef cattle, and chickens. Manufactured products include textiles, computer components, plumbing products, furniture, and power tools. Minerals such as lime and shell stone are also mined in the county. In 2004 Craven County's population
Annotated history of Craven County’s formation:

For an annotated history of the county’s formation, with the laws affecting the county, boundary lines and changes, and other origin information, visit these references in *The Formation of the North Carolina Counties* (Corbitt, 2000), available online at North Carolina Digital Collections (note, there may be additional items of interest for the county not listed here):

County formation history: http://digital.ncdcr.gov/cdm/ref/collection/p16062coll9/id/289848

Index entry for the county: http://digital.ncdcr.gov/cdm/ref/collection/p16062coll9/id/290078

References:


Additional resources:


Craven County Government: http://www.cravencounty.com

Havelock Chamber of Commerce: https://havelockchamber.org

New Bern Chamber of Commerce: https://www.newbernchamber.com

DigitalNC, Craven County: https://www.digitalnc.org/counties/craven-county

North Carolina Digital Collections (explore by place, time period, format): https://digital.ncdcr.gov

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