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Fords

by David A. Norris, 2006

See also: [Trading Ford](#): [2][Battle of Guilford Courthouse](#) [3] (UNC Press); [3][Battle of Guilford Courthouse](#) [4] (NC Office of Archives & History)

Fords, areas in streams or rivers that are shallow enough for wading, have been used by North Carolina travelers for



[5]centuries to cross certain bodies of water. Suitably shallow and narrow rivers were generally more common in the [piedmont](#) [6] and [mountains](#) [7]; in the [eastern portion](#) [8] of the state first settled, bridges and ferries were required to cross the wide, deep rivers that were often surrounded by swampland. The [Moseley map of 1733](#) [9] shows North Carolina's rudimentary road network and names a number of [ferries](#) [10] and bridges while also implying the existence of many fords. As fords were frequently dangerous (and were impassable at high water), they contributed greatly to the hardships and slow speed of travel, which was often restricted to foot or horse.

Fords played a significant role in eighteenth-century [colonial](#) [11] conflicts. [Governor William Tryon](#) [12]'s expedition against the [Regulators](#) [13] in 1771 was burdened with several pieces of artillery for assaulting vital fords held by armed Regulators. On the return journey, his forces were delayed by high water at a ford for three days, no doubt due partly to the presence of the cannons. During the [Revolutionary War](#) [14], Lord [Charles Cornwallis](#) [15]'s pursuit of Gen. [Nathanael Greene](#)' [16]s



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battered army during January and February 1781 was frustrated by delays at rain-swollen fords, enabling Greene to escape across the Dan River into Virginia and strengthen his troops for the [Battle of Guilford Courthouse](#) [4] in mid-March. Greene's men secured enough boats to allow them to cross the flooded Yadkin and Dan River fords and avoid being trapped there.

A Tar River ford figures in one dubious but popular legend explaining how North Carolinians came to be known as "[Tar Heels](#) [17]." To prevent their supplies of tar and turpentine from being captured by the British, so the story goes, Patriots dumped them into the river, where the tar sank to the bottom and stuck to the feet of Cornwallis's troops as they attempted to ford the river. It was claimed that the unfortunate British were still trying to clean their heels when they surrendered at Yorktown.

Although the colonial Assembly passed many laws empowering county courts to oversee the maintenance of state roads, fords were rarely explicitly mentioned until the twentieth century; they seem to have been tacitly accepted as part of the road system with little explanation. But according to a 1901 legislative act, county commissioners (in taking over the administrative functions of the county courts) were placed in charge of a county's "highway, bridges, ferries, and fords." The same act required commissioners to set up guideposts at dangerous fords on highways and public roads.

Most fords in North Carolina were replaced by bridges or ferries in a steady process lasting from colonial days into the automobile age. At the end of the twentieth century, there were still a number of secondary roads with fords in [Cherokee](#) [18], [Surry](#) [19], [Swain](#) [20], [Watauga](#) [21], [Wilkes](#) [22], and [Yadkin](#) [23] Counties.

Image Credit:

Unidentified man with horse and buggy in water crossing at Smith Creek Ford, August 5, 1907, presumed to be North Carolina but exact location unknown. From Carolina Power and Light Photograph Collection, North Carolina State Archives, call #: PhC68_1_555_2. Available from <http://www.flickr.com/photos/north-carolina-state-archives/2345095589/> [5] (accessed September 27, 2012).

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