

Estatoe Path ^[1]

Estatoe Path

by David G. Moore, 2006



Photograph of the unveiling ceremony for the Estatoe Path historical marker, 1957. Image from the North Carolina Museum of History.

^[2]Estatoe Path was a long-established Indian trail that linked the eighteenth-century Cherokee ^[3]Lower Towns of northwestern South Carolina and northeastern Georgia with the French Broad River ^[4]Valley in western North Carolina. It may have originated at the site of Old Estatoe, located on a branch of the Upper Tugalo River near Clayton, Ga. However, it is more often described as originating with the cluster of Lower Towns, including Keowee and a different town of Estatoe on the Upper Keowee River in South Carolina. This path headed north, crossing into North Carolina's present-day Transylvania County ^[5] to the vicinity of Rosman, where a large Cherokee town was apparently located. The path then followed the French Broad River Valley and ultimately reached the Toe River Valley. It is possible that the Mitchell County ^[6] community of Estatoe derived its name from the nearby path.

Additional Resources:

"Estatoe Path." North Carolina Highway Historical Marker Program. <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?ct=ddl&sp=search&k=Markers&sv=P-47> ^[7] (accessed October 18, 2012).

Williams, Marshall W. "The Estatoe Towns" Lamar Institute. 1970. http://shapiro.anthro.uga.edu/Lamar/images/PDFs/publication_142.pdf ^[8] (accessed October 18, 2012).

Image Credits:

Transylvania Times. "Photograph, Accession #: [H.1957.68.6](#) ^[2]." 1957. North Carolina Museum of History.

Subjects:

Precolonial period (pre-1600) ^[9]

Colonial period (1600-1763) ^[10]

Black and African American People ^[11]

Roads ^[12]

Authors:

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Origin - location:

Transylvania County ^[14]

From:

Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press. ^[15]

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Source URL: <https://ncpedia.org/estatoe-path>

Links

^[1] <https://ncpedia.org/estatoe-path> ^[2] <http://collections.ncdcr.gov/RediscoveryProficioPublicSearch/ShowItem.aspx?13369+> ^[3]

<https://ncpedia.org/chokeberry/overview> [4] <https://ncpedia.org/rivers/french-broad> [5] <https://ncpedia.org/geography/transylvania> [6] <https://ncpedia.org/geography/mitchell> [7] <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?ct=ddl&sp=search&k=Markers&sv=P-47> [8] http://shapiro.anthro.uga.edu/Lamar/images/PDFs/publication_142.pdf [9] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/prehistory> [10] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/colonial-period> [11] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/african-americans> [12] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/roads> [13] <https://ncpedia.org/category/authors/moore-david-g> [14] <https://ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/mountain-6> [15] <https://ncpedia.org/category/entry-source/encyclopedia->