

## Colored Farmers' Alliance <sup>[1]</sup>

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## Colored Farmers' Alliance

by Helen Losse, 2006

The Colored Farmers' Alliance was created when an agricultural depression hit the South around 1870 and farmers began to organize themselves into radical political groups. It paralleled the white Southern [Farmers' Alliance](#) <sup>[2]</sup>, whose membership was closed to blacks. Originating in Arkansas and spreading to 20 states, mostly in the South, the Colored Farmers' Alliance had more than 1.12 million members by 1891. At that time it became overtly political, rather than remaining the nominally political labor organization that it had been earlier. As a result of the [Fusion](#) <sup>[3]</sup> movement, in which primarily black [Republicans](#) <sup>[4]</sup> and white [Populists](#) <sup>[5]</sup> cooperated politically, blacks were elected to office at both the state and national levels. Fusion in North Carolina reached its peak in 1894, when these groups gained control of the state government. It was not long, however, before black-white cooperation ended, as Democrats united in successful white supremacy campaigns to oust the Fusionists and [discontinue](#) <sup>[6]</sup> "Negro rule."

### References:

Lerone Bennett Jr., *Before the Mayflower: A History of Black America*(1993).

John Hope Franklin, *From Slavery to Freedom: A History of African Americans*(1994).

Hugh T. Lefler and Albert R. Newsome, *North Carolina: The History of a Southern State*(3rd ed., 1973).

### Additional Resources:

Ali, Omar H. *In the Lion's Mouth: Black Populism in the New South, 1886-1900*<sup>[7]</sup>. Jackson, Miss.: University Press of Mississippi, 2010.

Edmonds, Helen G. 1951. *The Negro and fusion politics in North Carolina, 1894-1901*. Chapel Hill: University of North Carolina Press.

### Subjects:

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### Authors:

[Losse, Helen](#) <sup>[14]</sup>

### From:

[Encyclopedia of North Carolina, University of North Carolina Press.](#)<sup>[15]</sup>

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