

Murfree, Hardy ^[1]

Murfree, Hardy

by Thomas C. Parramore, 1991

5 June 1752–6 Apr. 1809



"Col. Hardy Murfree," oil portrait circa late 1700s, artist unknown. From the Tennessee Portrait Project.

^[2]Hardy Murfree, Patriot and state official, was born at Murfree's Landing (now Murfreesboro), the son of William and Mary Moore Murfree. As an officer in the North Carolina Continentals during the Revolutionary War ^[3], Murfree won acclaim by leading a column of infantry in a successful attack on Stony Point, a British bastion on the Hudson River. Throughout the war he was a valuable soldier, serving as major and then lieutenant colonel.

After the war he was appointed state inspector of revenue and commissioner of confiscated property in the Edenton District. His interest in internal improvements ^[4] led to service with a commission to promote the opening of Nag's Head Inlet and to his efforts to have a canal cut from the ^[5]Roanoke ^[6]to the Meherrin River. ^[5] In 1787 he sponsored a successful petition to have the state incorporate the town of Murfreesboro, which he laid off on lands of his father. He was an original member of the Society of the Cincinnati ^[7] and a Federalist ^[8] member of the convention of 1789 ^[9], when North Carolina belatedly ratified the federal Constitution. An active Mason ^[10], he founded American George Lodge No. 17 at Murfreesboro in 1789.

His wife, Sally Brickell, having died in 1802, Murfree moved with his children in 1807 to Tennessee, where he had been granted large landholdings as compensation for his services in the war. He died suddenly at his unfinished home, Grantlands, and was eulogized in a Masonic funeral oration by Felix Grundy ^[11]. In 1811 the state of Tennessee named its new capital, Murfreesboro, in his honor. His son, William Hardy ^[12], was a North Carolina congressman, and his great-grandchildren included the novelists Fannie Noailles Dickinson Murfree ^[13] and Mary Noailles Murfree ("Charles Egbert Craddock") ^[14].

References:

Samuel A. Ashe, ed., *Biographical History of North Carolina*, vol. 2 (1905). ^[15]

W. L. Murfree, "Colonel Hardy Murfree of the North Carolina Continental Line," *North Carolina Booklet*, vol. 17, no. 3 (January 1918). ^[16]

John H. Wheeler, ed., *Reminiscences and Memoirs of North Carolina and Eminent North Carolinians*(1884). ^[17]

Image Credits:

"Col. Hardy Murfree." Oil portrait. Circa late 1700s. Tennessee Portrait Project.<http://www.tnportraits.org/murfree-col-hardy.htm> ^[2] (accessed May 20, 2014).

Subjects:

American Revolution (1763-1789) [18]

Biographies [19]

Military personnel [20]

Public officials [21]

Authors:

Parramore, Thomas C. [22]

Origin - location:

Hertford County [23]

Murfreesboro [24]

From:

Dictionary of North Carolina Biography, University of North Carolina Press. [25]

1 January 1991 | Parramore, Thomas C.

Source URL: <https://ncpedia.org/biography/murfree-hardy>

Links

[1] <https://ncpedia.org/biography/murfree-hardy> [2] <http://www.tnportraits.org/murfree-col-hardy.htm> [3] <https://ncpedia.org/american-revolution> [4] <https://ncpedia.org/internal-improvements-0> [5] <https://ncpedia.org/roanoke-canal> [6] <https://ncpedia.org/rivers/roanoke> [7] <https://ncpedia.org/society-cincinnati> [8] <https://ncpedia.org/federalist-party> [9] <https://ncpedia.org/government/convention-1789> [10] <https://ncpedia.org/freemasons> [11] <http://tennesseencyclopedia.net/entry.php?rec=577> [12] <https://ncpedia.org/biography/murfree-william-hardy> [13] <http://findingaids.library.emory.edu/documents/murfree90/> [14] <http://tennesseencyclopedia.net/entry.php?rec=951> [15] <https://archive.org/stream/cu31924092215445#page/n13/mode/2up> [16] <https://archive.org/stream/northcarolinaboo1917nort#page/n115/mode/2up/search/murfree> [17] <https://archive.org/details/reminiscencesmem00whee> [18] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/us-revolution> [19] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/biography-term> [20] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/soldiers> [21] <https://ncpedia.org/category/subjects/public-officials> [22] <https://ncpedia.org/category/authors/parramore-thomas-c> [23] <https://ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-32> [24] <https://ncpedia.org/category/origin-location/coastal-57> [25] <https://ncpedia.org/category/entry-source/dictionary-no>