

North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University ^[1]

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by Charles W. Wadelington, 2006

See also: [Historically Black Colleges and Universities for K-8 Students](#) ^[2]



Butter making at Agricultural and Mechanical College, Greensboro, N.C., 1899. Image courtesy of University of Miami.

^[3][North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University \(North Carolina A&T\)](#) ^[4] in Greensboro was created as the Agricultural and Mechanical College for the Colored Race by the [General Assembly](#) ^[5] in March 1891. The college really began operation the previous year as a result of the [Morrill Act](#) ^[6] (1890), which furnished federal funds to be allocated in biracial school systems. The [North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts](#) ^[7] for whites in [Raleigh](#) ^[8] had been created by the General Assembly in 1887 and was ready to receive its share of funds by the fall of 1890. First, however, it was necessary to provide for a school of the same type for [African American](#) ^[9] students. The board of trustees of the white school was empowered to make temporary arrangements to satisfy this requirement, and a plan was worked out whereby the college for African Americans was operated as an annex to [Shaw University](#) ^[10] in Raleigh from 1890 through 1893.

Lacking a state-supported educational institution for African Americans in central [Piedmont](#) ^[11] North Carolina, a group of interested citizens in [Greensboro](#) ^[12] asked to have the college moved there. The group donated a 14-acre site for the school and \$11,000 to aid in constructing buildings. This amount was supplemented by \$2,500 from the



NC A&T. Image courtesy of NC Office of

General Assembly. The first building was completed in 1893, and the college opened on its Archives & History.

^[13]own campus that fall.

In 1915 the name of the school was officially changed to the Agricultural and Technical College of North Carolina. In 1967 the General Assembly designated the college a regional university, and North Carolina A&T joined the consolidated [University of North Carolina System](#) ^[14] in 1972. It is the largest of the historically African American colleges in North Carolina and is home to one of the state's three engineering colleges. Nearly 90 percent of the state's African American professionals and paraprofessionals in agriculture are graduates. Moreover, more than half of the state's black teachers and principals are among its alumni.

By the early 2000s, North Carolina A&T was a thriving public university with a student body of approximately 8,500. The school is comprised of a college of arts and sciences, a college of engineering, and six professional schools. It maintains extensive research programs in engineering, transportation, and agriculture. The school's physical plant occupies a 200-acre main campus near downtown Greensboro and a 600-acre research farm.

Educator Resources:

Grades K-8: <https://www.ncpedia.org/historically-black-colleges-and-universities-K-8> ^[2]

References:

Warmoth T. Gibbs, *History of North Carolina Agricultural and Technical College: Greensboro, North Carolina* (1966).

Frenise A. Logan, "The Movement in North Carolina to Establish a State Supported College for Negroes," *NCHR* 35 (April 1958).

Additional Resources:

North Carolina A&T: <http://www.ncat.edu/> ^[4]

NC Highway Historical Marker J-29: <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?sp=Markers&k=Markers&sv=J-29> ^[13]

North Carolina A&T Yearbooks: <https://lib.digitalnc.org/search?In=en&p=691:%22North+Carolina+Agricultural+and+Technical+State+University%22%20AND%20655:%22Yearbooks%22&sf=year&so=a> ^[15]

[North Carolina A&T](#) ^[16] contributions to the North Carolina Digital Collections

[Search results](#) ^[17] for North Carolina Agricultural and Technical State University in the North Carolina Digital Collections

Image Credit:

Butter making at Agricultural and Mechanical College, Greensboro, N.C., 1899. Image courtesy of University of Miami. Available from <http://www.education.miami.edu/ep/paris/html/agricultural.html> ^[3] (accessed November 16, 2012).

NC A&T. NC Highway Historical Marker J-29. Image courtesy of NC Office of Archives & History <https://www.ncdcr.gov/about/history/division-historical-resources/nc-highway-historical-marker-program/Markers.aspx?sp=Markers&k=Markers&sv=J-29> ^[13] (accessed November 16, 2012)

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